

## **International Market Entry Options**

### Original chapter by Jonathan Wood, revised by Averill Dickson.

When New Zealand exporters enter overseas markets they can use a number of legal structures. Each structure involves different legal and tax issues, so good legal and tax advice should be sought before making market entry decisions.

The best course of action depends on each exporter's circumstances. Take the example of a company that owns a product technology and brand. It wants to sell products globally under this brand as well as possibly manufacture in overseas markets through the use of contract manufacturers, third party licensing arrangements or joint ventures.

Possible market entry structures for selling offshore include:

- Distributor/reseller.
- Agency.
- Joint venture.
- · Wholly-owned subsidiary.
- Branch.
- Licence.

Manufacturing options when selling include:

- Manufacturing products in New Zealand and exporting products to overseas markets.
- Using contract manufacturers in-market.
- Manufacturing in offshore markets itself or through a subsidiary or joint venture.

'Weightless economy' businesses such as software companies, software-as-a-service providers and other web-based businesses do not generally need to worry about manufacturing or otherwise physically getting their products to markets, but may still require in-market sales channels in order to reach target customers.

The key characteristics and positive and negative attributes of these models is outlined below.

#### Distributor/reseller

#### Key legal characteristics

- Independent entity.
- Distributor/reseller buys product from exporter and sells product in its own market as principal.
- Takes the credit risk on product sales in market.
- Generally sets product prices and controls the sales, marketing and distribution in market.

- Generally responsible for importing the goods into the market.
- Makes its money through making a margin on the sale of the products.
- Generally bears most of the advertising and promotional costs, although this varies from arrangement to arrangement.
- Subject to any warranties that may be given by the exporter, is fully liable for its operations in the market.
- Generally keeps most of its customer details to itself.

#### **Positives**

- Most common form of export structure worldwide, therefore is easily understood.
- Relatively simple to set up.
- · Low cost and risk.
- Tax efficient structure.

#### **Negatives**

- Very good performance is often difficult to achieve.
- Exporter has very little control over how its products are promoted in market and the pricing model used.
- The exporter does not get to know the market or customers
- The relationship between the exporter and distributor is often hard to manage because of separate ownership, differing interests, cultural and geographic separation and often language.
- Import duties can be a barrier to entry.

#### Other considerations

- Although many distributors/resellers will ask for it, try and avoid exclusive arrangements wherever possible.
   If the distributor/reseller is pushing for exclusivity, at the very least have a reasonable initial trial period and include performance requirements.
- Choose your distributor/reseller carefully. In strategic markets this is absolutely vital.
- Distributors sell to retailers, wholesalers and/or resellers, whereas resellers generally sell directly to end customers. The more steps between the exporter and end customer, the less the exporter is able to control how its products and brand are portrayed to end customers.
   Consider retaining approval rights, and having minimum requirements for each step in the chain.



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